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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/727,257	12/02/2003	Gary Shipton	PEA11US	6710	
24011 . 759	04/05/2006		EXAMINER		
	OK RESEARCH PT	PATEL, HARI			
393 DARLING S BALMAIN, N	STREET ISW 2041		ART UNIT	ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER	
AUSTRALIA			2115		

DATE MAILED: 04/05/2006

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)			
		10/727,257	SHIPTON ET AL.			
	Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
		Hari Patel	2115			
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication app or Reply	pears on the cover sheet w	rith the correspondence address			
WHI( - Exte after - If NO - Failu Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM-THE MAILING DATE of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. O period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period or to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing ed patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUN 36(a). In no event, however, may a will apply and will expire SIX (6) MO , cause the application to become A	ICATION. reply be timely filed  NTHS from the mailing date of this communication NBANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status						
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>02 D</u>	ecember 2003.				
2a) <u></u> □	This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b)⊠ This	action is non-final.				
3)	☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
	closed in accordance with the practice under E	Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.	D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.			
Disposit	ion of Claims	•				
4)⊠	Claim(s) <u>1-5</u> is/are pending in the application.					
,	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdra	wn from consideration.				
. 5)□	Claim(s) is/are allowed.		•			
•	Claim(s) <u>1-5</u> is/are rejected.					
· <u> </u>	Claim(s) is/are objected to.					
8)	Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	r election requirement.				
Applicat	ion Papers					
9)	The specification is objected to by the Examine	er.				
10)⊠	The drawing(s) filed on <u>02 December 2003</u> is/a	re: a)⊠ accepted or b)[	objected to by the Examiner.	•		
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the			•		
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct					
11)	The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	kaminer. Note the attache	ed Office Action or form PTO-152.			
Priority	under 35 U.S.C. § 119	•				
-	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign ⊠ All b) Some * c) None of:	priority under 35 U.S.C.	§ 119(a)-(d) or (f).			
	1. Certified copies of the priority document	s have been received.				
	2. Certified copies of the priority document					
	3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior		n received in this National Stage			
•	application from the International Burea		t received			
• ;	See the attached detailed Office action for a list	or the certified copies no	t received.			
Attachmer	• •	<u>-                                  </u>	. C (DTO 442)			
	ce of References Cited (PTO-892) ce of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	Paper No	Summary (PTO-413) o(s)/Mail Date			
3) X Info	mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) er No(s)/Mail Date 12/02/04.	5) Notice of 6) Other:	Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		

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### **DETAILED ACTION**

1. Claims 1-5 are presented for examination.

#### Information Disclosure Statement

2. The information disclosure statement (IDS) filed 12/02/04 fails to comply with the provisions of 37 CFR 1.97, 1.98 and MPEP § 609 because the documents citied therein do not appear to be relevant the patentability of the instant claimed invention. The IDS has been placed in the application file, but the information referred to therein has not been considered as to the merits. Applicant is advised that the date of any re-submission of any item of information contained in this information disclosure statement or the submission of any missing element(s) will be the date of submission for purposes of determining compliance with the requirements based on the time of filing the statement, including all certification requirements for statements under 37 CFR 1.97(e). See MPEP § 609.05(a).

## Specification

3. The lengthy specification has not been checked to the extent necessary to determine the presence of all possible minor errors. Applicant's cooperation is requested in correcting any errors of which applicant may become aware in the specification.

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#### **Drawings**

4. There are 331 sheets of Drawings and at least 413 figures. The drawings must show every feature of the invention specified in the claims. See 37 CFR 1.83(a).

Applicant is required to show where each and every claimed element or step is shown in the Drawings.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

5. The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.

- 6. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:
  - The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.
- 7. The Specification is over 1000 pages long. Applicant is required to show the antecedent basis in the Specification for all claimed elements (i.e. the precise location of all claimed elements or steps).
- 8. Claim 2 5 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

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9. Claims 2 – 5 recite the limitation "An integrated circuit according to claim 1". It is suggested this be changed to "The An integrated circuit according to claim 1".

### **Double Patenting**

10. The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. A nonstatutory obviousness-type double patenting rejection is appropriate where the conflicting claims are not identical, but at least one examined application claim is not patentably distinct from the reference claim(s) because the examined application claim is either anticipated by, or would have been obvious over, the reference claim(s). See, e.g., *In re Berg*, 140 F.3d 1428, 46 USPQ2d 1226 (Fed. Cir. 1998); *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In re Longi*, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); *In re Van Ornum*, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970); and *In re Thorington*, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) or 1.321(d) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent either is shown to be commonly owned with this application, or claims an invention made as a result of activities undertaken within the scope of a joint research agreement.

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

11. Claims 1, 2, and 4 are provisionally rejected on the ground of nonstatutory obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over Claims 1 and 2 of copending Application No. 10/727238 (hereinafter referred to as '238). Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because:

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Claim 1 of the instant application is nearly identical to the limitations of
 Claim 1 of '238, wherein the differences are:

- o the element "non-volatile memory" (claim 1, line 1) of the instant application is essentially identical to the element portion "a memory" (claim 1, line 1) of '238) and would have been obvious because the "memory" disclosed in '238 must essentially be non-volatile;
- o the element "power supply" (claim 1, line 2) of the instant application is essentially identical to the element portion "external power source" (claim 1, line 3) of '238 and would have been obvious because both elements are sources of power;
- o the element "the integrated circuit is configured to enable multiword writes to the non-volatile memory" (claim 1, lines 2-3) of the instant application would have been obvious because claim 1 of '238 discloses circuitry used for writing address and data values to memory, wherein address and data values are multi-word writes; and
- o the element "preventing subsequent words in any multi-word write currently being performed from being written to memory" (claim 1, lines 5-6) would have been obvious because '238 discloses "ability to alter data in the memory is disabled prior to address or data

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values to be written to the memory becoming unreliable due to failing power" (claim 1, lines 6-8). Since data cannot be altered

- Claim 2 of the instant application is nearly identical to the limitations of claim 1 of the instant application and would have been obvious because claim 1, lines 5-6 of '257 recite "in the event the quality of the power drops below a predetermined threshold, preventing subsequent words in any multi-word write currently being performed from being written to memory.
- Claim 4 of the instant application is nearly identical to the limitations of claim 2 of '238 and would have been obvious because claim 3 of the instant application discloses, "wherein the memory is flash memory" while claim 2 of '238 discloses "wherein the memory is flash memory".

This is a <u>provisional</u> obviousness-type double patenting rejection because the conflicting claims have not in fact been patented.

# Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 12. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

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- 13. Claims 1 5 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Walmsley (U.S. PG-Pub No. 2004/0236961) and further in view of Muller (U.S. Patent No. 4,644,494)...
- 14. As per Claim 1, Walmsley teaches an integrated circuit (*Abstract, claim 1, and claim 18*) comprising a processor, (*paragraph [0738], lines 7-11*), non-volatile memory (*claims 1 and 18*), an input power supply line (*claim 1*), inherently requiring a power supply not explicitly disclosed, and a power detection unit (*claim 1 detection unit and claim 18 power supply monitoring circuitry*), wherein the integrated circuit is configured to enable multi-word writes to the non-volatile memory (*paragraph [0576]*, lines 13-14]), the power detection unit being configured to:

monitor a quality of power supplied to the input (claim 18, lines 6-8);

15. Walmsley, however, does not teach that in the event the quality of the power drops below a predetermined threshold, preventing subsequent words in any multi-word write currently being performed from being written to the memory. Specifically, Walmsley teaches that in the event the quality of power drops below a predetermined threshold (claim 21), the power supply monitor is configured to cause deletion overwriting, or otherwise rendering unreadable data in the memory. Walmsley fails to teach the inhibiting of any further words of a multi-word write to be written into memory once power drops below a specific threshold.

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16. Muller teaches an apparatus comprising a processor (*Fig. 1 – Central Processing Unit, 24*), non-volatile memory (*Fig. 1 – Memory Unit [EEPROM], 38 and col. 8, lines 15-16*), and input for receiving power from a power supply (*Fig. 1 – Power Supply, 30*) and a power detection unit (*Fig. 1 – Power Monitor, 52*), wherein the apparatus is configured to enable multi-word writes to the non-volatile memory (*col. 3, lines 19-22*), the power detection unit configured to:

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monitor a quality of power supplied to the input (col. 2, lines 29-51);

in the event the quality of the power drops below a predetermined threshold, preventing subsequent words in any multi-word write currently being performed from being written to the memory (col. 9, lines 49-54 and col. 3, lines 20-22).

- 17. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to combine the teachings of Walmsley and Muller because they both teach a circuit configured to monitor the quality of power supplied to the circuit to monitor if the voltage level drops below a predetermined threshold. Muller's disclosure of an apparatus for preventing subsequent data to be written to memory after the power level dropping below a predetermined threshold would prohibit erroneous data from being written to memory.
- 18. As per Claim 2, Muller teaches the circuit further configured to prevent any further writes of any type to the memory once the quality is determined to have dropped below the threshold (col. 2, lines 29-51 and col. 9, lines 49-54).

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19. As per Claim 3, Walmsley teaches the integrated circuit, wherein the quality is a voltage *(claim 19)*. Muller also teaches the circuit, wherein the quality is a voltage *(col. 9, line 52)*.

- 20. As per Claim 4, Muller teaches the circuit, wherein the memory is EEPROM (col. 8, line 15-16). It is known in the area of the pertaining art that flash memory is a type of EEPROM.
- 21. As per Claim 5, Muller teaches the claimed circuit according to Claim 1 as mentioned above. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art that a reset signal be provided from the power detection unit to at least some other circuits on the circuit once any current writes have been finished. See Germer (U.S. Patent No. 4,999,575 col. 15, lines 18-27); Sakagami et al. (U.S. Patent No. 5,233,557 col. 4, lines 23-27); McClure (U.S. Patent No. 5,619,456 col. 23, lines 9-12); and Kimura et al. (U.S. Patent No. 5,655,076 col. 7, lines 51-54).

#### Conclusion

22. Any inquiry concerning this communication from the examiner should be directed to Hari Patel whose telephone number is 571-272-2743. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday – Thursday from 8:00am – 5:30pm and every other Friday from 8:00am – 4:30pm.

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If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Thomas Lee, can be reached at 571-272-3667. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of the application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published application may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see <a href="http://pair-direct.uspto.gov">http://pair-direct.uspto.gov</a>. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll free).

Hari Patel Examiner Art Unit 2115

> TY:OMAS LEE MENTENAMENT EXPANSIVER MEMBER FEMALES VERSION 2100